

# Victoria Daily Times.

VOL. 30.

VICTORIA, B. C., THURSDAY, FEBRUARY 15, 1900.

NO. 136.

## The Bands That Bind

Hearts together are in demand at all seasons of the year. For that reason we pay particular attention to this department of our business, keeping in stock all the latest styles of settings and combinations of stones, each one backed up by our full guarantee. To buy before inspecting our stock is to buy unwisely.

**CHALLONER & MITCHELL,**  
Phone 675. 47 Government Street.

## The Hutcheson Co., Ltd

Government Street. VICTORIA'S POPULAR STORE. 15th February, 1900.

# PRETTY SILKS

Another shipment of new Silks arrived yesterday. They are magnificent productions of the silk weavers' art, and the exquisite blending of beautiful shades shows how the artist has toyed with delicate tints.

These Duinity Blouse Silks will go on sale To-Morrow at

→→→ **65c. yd**

# HAND-LOOM LINENS.

The Westside Linen Stock is chosen from the best linen looms in Europe. They claim precedence over all others. They bear famous names.

Hand-loom Linen Damask, half bleached . . . 30c, 35c, 45c, 50c yd  
Hand-loom Double Damask, full bleached . . . 65c, 75c, 95c, \$1.  
Sheetings at mill prices, 72-inch plain or twill weave . . . 25c

**THE WESTSIDE, Government Street, VICTORIA, B.C.**

## It's Just This Way

We have solved the problem of giving greater value for your money than any other house in town.

Our method of doing this is simple enough when you master it, and consists in having Cash with which to buy at the very lowest notch; and the judgment to know a good thing when we see it.

Having purchased at prices away below what our competitors have to pay, we are in a position to offer goods at prices that cannot meet.

Snow Flake Flour . . . \$1.00 Sack  
Three Star Flour . . . \$1.05 Sack  
Hungarian Flour . . . \$1.15 Sack  
New Jam, 5lb pails . . . . . 50c  
Fancy Navel Oranges . . . 25c doz

**DIXIE H. ROSS & CO.**

## Starting Anew

Another year—a new beginning. We greet you at this season, wishing you great benefit from the year to come. If your name has not been on our roll of friends we want to put it there now. If you have granted us your patronage in the past we want to hold your friendship by giving you increased values.

**Nicholles & Renouf, Ltd**  
91 YATES STREET, VICTORIA, B.C.

## New Wall Papers Just Received.

The finest line ever shown in British Columbia. Fine effects in grains.

**J. W. MELLOR, 75-78 FORT STREET.**

## Only Parts of Dollars

Stand where old dollars stood before. To obtain possession of any of the FINE FOOTWEAR in our stock a very small tax will be put upon your pocket book. Our February clearance sale has been inaugurated and we have not spared the prices, but cut right and left in order to promote rapid sales. There's splendid values offered in Men's, Women's and Children's Shoes and Slippers. Don't neglect to seize the opportunity.

**THE PATERSON SHOE CO., LD.**  
35 JOHNSON STREET.

## Douglas and Johnson Sts.

FIVE FINE ROOMS SUITABLE FOR OFFICES OR HOUSE KEEPING, \$20.00 PER MONTH.

APPLY **B.C. Land & Investment Agency.**  
40 Government St.

## Here is Another Bargain.

Lot and 2 story house, 7 rooms, bath, pantry, etc., electric light and plenty small fruit in garden, owner leaving for Kootenay, and will sell at a sacrifice. Also several cheap building sites for sale.

TO LET—10 roomed house, with lawn, and 4 lots, orchard, etc.; rent per month, \$16. Wood, Coal, Fire and Life Insurance. Money to Loan, Interest and Bonds Collected, etc.; or if you wish to dispose of your property list it with or call on.

**P. G. MACGREGOR,**  
Tel. 664. 92 GOVERNMENT ST.

## Bargains in Real Estate.

Are you looking for bargains in real estate, either improved or unimproved? If so, we have what will suit you. Inspect our list of properties for sale before purchasing. It will pay you to do so.

Do you want to borrow money? If so, we have plenty to loan at low rates of interest.

We are general agents for the old reliable Phoenix of Hartford Fire Insurance Co. If you have any business in our line we solicit your patronage. Notaries Public and Conveyancers.

**F. G. RICHARDS & CO.**  
NO. 15 BROAD STREET. TELEPHONE 148.

## LEE & FRASER

AGENTS FOR

## THE NORTH AMERICAN LIFE ASSURANCE.

## Who is good and great? Not the one who falls in life to provide the necessities, to any nothing of comfort—much less luxuries. For loved ones, after the death of their breadwinners' earnings, invested in insurance in the North American Life by either man or woman (there are plans for both) make the best of provision for the future of one's family. Full information respecting same furnished on application to us. **WILLIAM F. BEST** ANALYSTER AND ANALYTICAL CHEMIST (Heldberg and Leppla). Late analyst for the Province of New Brunswick. Office, 38 Broad Street, opposite Grand Hotel, Victoria.

## New Vancouver Coal Co., Ltd.

NANAIMO, B.C.

SAMUEL M. ROBINS, SUPERINTENDENT.

Coal Mined by White Labor.

## New Wellington Coal

Washed Nuts, . . . \$4.25 per ton  
Sack and Lumps, \$5.50 per ton

Delivered to any part of the city.

**KINGHAM & CO.,**  
44 Fort Street.

J. E. CHURCH, J. C. V. SPRAIT,  
Trouton Avenue, Yates and Stone Sts.

MUNN, HOLLAND & CO.,  
Cor. Broad Street and Tronace Avenue

FLINT & CO., Broad St.

Telephone Call 647.

Wharf—Store Street, Spratt's Wharf.

## W. JONES' PARTIAL LIST

To Rent—8 roomed house, Pembroke street, \$8; 8 roomed house, Herald street, \$8; 8 roomed house, Turpin street, \$8; 8 roomed house, bath, Cadboro Bay road, \$8; 9 roomed house, Blenheim street, \$25, etc., etc. Also, 10 well furnished residences for sale.

A bargain—3 roomed cottage, with bath (h. and c.), pantry, and large collar, on Vining street (lot 60x130), \$1,000, easy terms.

We have listed several snags in houses and lots on very easy terms. Before purchasing see our list.

**REAL ESTATE DEPARTMENT, THE CITY AUCTION MART,**  
Tel. 294. 73 and 73 1/2 Yates street.

## Skates Skates

Genuine Acme Skates at

**John Barnsley & Co.,**  
115 Government St.  
Skates Sharpened, and Hollow Ground.

## J. PIERCY & CO.

Wholesale Dry Goods, SHIRT AND CLOTHING MANUFACTURERS

We have the largest and best assorted stock in British Columbia, and are prepared to compete with any house in our line in Canada.

**NOS. 21 TO 29 YATES STREET, VICTORIA, B. C.**

### ANOTHER ANDREI STORY.

Eskimos Tell of Two Men Who "Came Down From the Sky in a Balloon."

(Associated Press.)

New York, Feb. 15.—The following is printed here today under London date: "A letter arrived here from Bishop Newham, of Moscow, dated Oct. 1st, Fort Churchill, Hudson's Bay, says that Eskimos came here this summer travelling from the far North to tell that two white men had come down from the sky in a balloon, the remains of which they had seen, and had been inspected by Eskimos there. I believe this is authentic, but have not had time to inquire."

### GEN. HUTTON'S SPEECH.

(Special to the Times.)

Ottawa, Feb. 15.—Gen. Hutton, at a dinner given to him last night, took the following line at the government in the presence of military officers, whom, he says, share his views quoted: "I should, however, feel more hopeful of the future of Canada if the government had ever shown active interest in our recent efforts for a higher efficiency or indicated its approval of the principles upon which our efforts are based."

The dinner was only attended by Conservatives, whose principal object is to defeat the present government.

### PHILIPPINES REPULSED.

(Associated Press.)

Mantla, Feb. 15.—Insurgent forces, estimated to number 5,000, mostly Bolanos, attacked the American garrison in the convent at Darago, in the province of Albay, during the night of Feb. 5th. They were repulsed, however, after they had burned much of the town. One American lieutenant was wounded.

### FASHIONABLE MARRIAGE.

(Associated Press.)

London, Feb. 15.—Lord Chesterfield and Miss Euld Wilson were married in this city this afternoon. There was a large and fashionable attendance at the ceremony.

### DROWNED AT LODGER.

(Special to the Times.)

Vancouver, Feb. 15.—Fred Wilson, of Lodner, was drowned yesterday. His team became unmanageable and backed into the Fraser, horses and man being drowned.

## PRESCRIPTIONS

When entrusted to us are dispensed

Promptly, Accurately, Skillfully.

Let us prepare yours.

**JOHN COCHRANE,**  
N.W. Corner of Yates and Douglas Streets.

## HASTIE'S FAIR

FOR WARE

Stationery and Confectionery At the Bottom.

## That Cough

Can be quickly cured by taking

**Pulmonic Cough Cure**

Clearing Block, Corner of Yates and Douglas Sts.

**HALL & CO.,**  
Dispensing Chemists

## A Fac-simile

of the Brand of Cigarettes that are

# Better Than The Best

MANUFACTURED BY

**B. HOUDE & CO.,**  
QUEBEC.

## J. PIERCY & CO.

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## Invasion of Zululand

### Natives Will Be Encouraged and Assisted in Defending Themselves.

(Associated Press.)

London, Feb. 15.—Intense satisfaction continues dominant in consequence of Field Marshal Lord Roberts' plan of operations, as revealed by dispatches published this morning.

There is no further news of the British advance in the Orange Free State or activity at Modder River, but a feeling of quiet confidence prevails that the strong hands of "Bob's" and the hero of Khartoum are shaping matters towards a much-needed decisive victory.

As the St. James Gazette says: Roberts, with his own line well guarded and having little reason to fear only a move which would be deadly, viz., a counterstroke attacking his long line as it swings round, will be able to force the Boers to fight under very unfavorable conditions or abandon their heavy guns and stores.

### Statement by Hon J Chamberlain in Imperial House of Commons.

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### Colonial Scouts in Zululand.

The fears regarding a Boer attack on Zululand are somewhat allayed by a dispatch from Durban which says: a column of Colonial scouts, after a forced march, have arrived at Eshowe. It is reported they are in splendid fighting trim. They were pursued several times by Boers during the march.

Casualties at Rensburg.

The official list of casualties at Rensburg, from Feb. 10th to Feb. 12th, shows:

Killed, 4 officers, 7 men.  
Wounded, 6 officers and 14 men.  
Missing, 2 officers and 8 men.

Killed, Col. Ingham, Worcester Regiment; Major G. Reddy, and Lieut. J. Powell and J. C. Roberts, 3d Australian.

Boers and Zululand.

### MR. MACRUM'S STATEMENT.

#### He Says Americans Paid No Attention to Official Warning, but Joined the Boer Forces.

Washington, Feb. 15.—A signed statement was given last night by Chas. E. Macrum, formerly United States consul at Pretoria, in which he says in part: "The situation in Pretoria was such that, first, as an official I could not remain there while the government at home was in the dark as to exact conditions in Africa; secondly, as a man and citizen of the United States I could not remain in Pretoria sacrificing my own respect and that of the people of Pretoria, while the government at home continued to leave me in the position of British consul and not an American consul."

"I want to say here that there was not one single request made through the department of state looking to the care of British prisoners in Pretoria which I did not fulfill and report upon according to orders. On the other hand American interests in Africa were in that condition which demanded that the department of state should be cognizant of them."

"I issued a statement received from the state department that Americans must remain neutral. In the face of this they were continually going to the front and taking up arms in the cause of the Boers. When affairs had reached that stage, my vice-consul, Yansameren, closed up his business, took the oath of allegiance to the Republic and went to the front as a burgher. I thought the time had come when I should make a report of these conditions. It was over four weeks from the time the war opened before I received a mail dispatch from the government or a personal letter. The mail for the Transvaal had been stopped at Capetown by order of the high commissioner. When this mail was finally forwarded to me the contents bearing the official seal of the American government were opened and sealed with a sticker notifying me that the contents had been read by the censor at Durban."

Mr. Macrum then relates his experience in delayed cable correspondence with the Washington authorities relating to his desire for leave of absence from his post. He says he finally, on December 8th, received the following: "You may come. Put Atterbury temporarily in charge. Department will send a man from here."

### ROBERTS' OPERATIONS.

#### Line of Retreat of the Boers to Bloemfontein is Intercepted—Burghers' Left Wing Threatened.

New York, Feb. 15.—Specials from London to New York papers this morning all tend to the idea that the English military critics believe Roberts has Cronje's forces in a tight place. They look for a decisive battle before the end of the week. The exact situation as seen in London is put by the Herald in these words: "Roberts has begun his operations against the Boer army between the Modder River and Kimberley by initiating a flank movement, which, up to the present time, has proved successful. The drifts referred to in Roberts' messages are all to the east of Methuen's camp on the Modder River within Free State territory. With this huge British force threatening his left wing

### To Aid the Boers.

New York, Feb. 15.—Flourier Weesels, an uncle of President Steyn of the Orange Free State, has arrived here to aid the cause of the Boers in any way he can.

Patriotic Fund.

Ottawa, Feb. 15.—The Canadian Patriotic Fund total to date is \$110,851.20.

Energy and Rapidity that augurs well for the events that are going to follow.

The Standard's military expert says: "Clip drift appears to be just above David's Gauff. By holding this point Roberts has penetrated the Boer position, which extends from Magersfontein to Jacobsdal. Any Boer forces that may be at Jacobsdal have been isolated from Cronje's main body. The British commander can develop his flank attack against the Boers' left, and a further point in his favor is that the line of retreat of the Boers to Bloemfontein is intercepted. Through the gap which French holds with some 8,000 men, the 6th and 7th divisions will advance and move against the Boer flank."

The Tribune says this entire movement with its concentration of nearly all the British

### Battalions Outside Natal.

and slender columns left under Gurneer and Clements, have been brought about by scientific strategy under a rigorous operation of the censorship, the utility of which has been demonstrated at last. An army corps and strong auxiliary forces have been massed where the enemy are the weakest, and the previous balance of forces in the military problem has been suddenly upset. This column on the Riet has a promise of potency for the relief of Kimberley and a subsequent advance upon Bloemfontein, and is so great a diversion of military resources that Ladysmith may yet be relieved.

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Campbell's Prescription Store For Pure Drugs and Chemicals. CORNER OF PORT AND DOUGLAS STREETS, VICTORIA, B.C.

Provincial Legislature

A 1 Day Discussion on Mr. Jos. Martin's Celebrated Redistribution Resolution.

Some Amusing Passages at Arms Between the Members During the Debate.

Victoria, Feb. 14th. Mr. Speaker took the chair at 2.12 p.m. Prayers being read by Rev. W. Leslie Clay, petitions were presented: By Mr. Green—From eighty residents of Kaslo, asking for legislation to assure the better observance of the Lord's Day.

By Mr. Keiller—From John McDowell, a carpenter, formerly employed at the government buildings. Western Telephone Company. In a report from the private bills committee, it was recommended that the petition for incorporation of the Western Telephone & Telegraph Co. be not granted.

By Mr. Turner—From the British Columbia, or any member thereof, and the government of the Dominion of Canada, or any member thereof, also, all correspondence between the government of British Columbia and any person or persons, miners' or mine-owners' unions, relating to the enforcement of the provisions of section 4 of an act intitled the Inspection of Metalliferous Mines Amendment Act, 1899.

By Mr. A. W. Smith—Declaring the neglect and delay in advertising was almost unbearable in this instance, and pointed out the danger of allowing all rules of the House to be set at naught. There had never been a petition presented in the British Columbia Legislature so far as the speaker was aware—that was so much out of order as this.

By Mr. Green—The speaker had found that the standing rules had not been complied with, and after consideration could recommend no other course than that proposed by the report. Mr. Turner said the House had frequently suspended general rules to assist projects clearly in the public interest.

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Mr. Martin's Motion.

On the clerk calling the order for Mr. Joseph Martin's motion respecting the Finance Minister.

Mr. Martin said: "I ask that that may stand." Hon. Mr. Cotton—No, Mr. Speaker, I think this a matter that the hon. gentleman should go on with. In justice to me it should not be allowed to stand. I am helpless in that matter. It makes charges against me, I think it is proper for him to bring it forward without delay.

Mr. Martin—I would have been quite prepared to go on with this matter to-day had it not been for the suggestion of the government that the redistribution matter would come up to-day. For this reason I had supposed that it would be the government's wish that this should not come up.

Hon. Mr. Semlin—I do not see that that would be any reason for passing over this important resolution. We have hardly yet got to the regular orders; when we get to them we will be able to take up that other matter.

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Hon. Mr. Cotton—I think the hon. gentleman can see that I was only making a reasonable request in asking that such a matter as this should be brought on at the earliest possible moment. But if the hon. gentleman says he is not prepared to go on, I do not wish to put him to any inconvenience, and I will ask that if he is ready to go on to-morrow he will proceed then, and not give two days to any matter. I am not sure that the government made any such arrangement as he refers to, but I am willing to let the matter stand for a day.

The order was passed over. Redistribution. Mr. Kellie then resumed the adjourned debate on Mr. Joseph Martin's redistribution motion of want of confidence. He said: "Yesterday the hon. member intimated that I had been put up to adjourn the debate."

Mr. Martin—I said I accepted Mr. Kellie's statement yesterday, and there is therefore no necessity to bring that matter up again. Mr. Kellie remarked that if the House would look at the report of the matter in the Colonist it would be seen that the hon. gentleman had accepted it in one way and not in another. He did not know what great effort it took to move the adjournment of a debate. It was not the first time in that House that he had done so, and he had made the motion chiefly because he wanted to get some figures to show that the move to bring in a redistribution bill was a move in the right direction. But he confessed that Mr. Martin was trying to make political capital for an election which he (Mr. Martin) expected to come in a very short time.

Mr. Martin—I asked it publicly in this House half a dozen times. Mr. Kellie—Well, all right. In regard to this redistribution when the House was brought forward in the House two years ago he had pointed out to the government that a district from which one-third of the ordinary revenue came and which had 20 per cent. of the population, had only one member. "In their generosity," said Mr. Kellie, "the late government gave us half a member in Kootenay—the two we had already."

Mr. Eberts (pointing to Mr. Green): "Excuse me, is that the half member there?" (Loud laughter.) Mr. Green rose and said: "Mr. Speaker, I rise to a question of privilege. (Loud laughter.) I must insist upon the hon. member for Kelowna taking that back. He must certainly put it in another way. I won't submit to being called a half member." (Renewed merriment.) Mr. Kellie—Well, Mr. Speaker, I had not reached that hon. member really yet, but I will take it back. (Laughter.) I am willing to admit that he is a whole member. What he wanted to point out was that the government cut up part of one of the Yale divisions and part of his old district and made it into a constituency, but had refused to give any more seats to that constituency. The hon. gentleman had given this additional member for the Slokan (Mr. Green). He added that he for one had always been in favor of a fair redistribution bill, and was in favor of it now, and he favored the government moving in that direction and bringing in a bill. "We could then have an election and fight the thing out on its merits, and let the best man win."

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Hon. Mr. Cotton—I think the hon. gentleman can see that I was only making a reasonable request in asking that such a matter as this should be brought on at the earliest possible moment. But if the hon. gentleman says he is not prepared to go on, I do not wish to put him to any inconvenience, and I will ask that if he is ready to go on to-morrow he will proceed then, and not give two days to any matter. I am not sure that the government made any such arrangement as he refers to, but I am willing to let the matter stand for a day.

The order was passed over. Redistribution. Mr. Kellie then resumed the adjourned debate on Mr. Joseph Martin's redistribution motion of want of confidence. He said: "Yesterday the hon. member intimated that I had been put up to adjourn the debate."

Mr. Martin—I said I accepted Mr. Kellie's statement yesterday, and there is therefore no necessity to bring that matter up again. Mr. Kellie remarked that if the House would look at the report of the matter in the Colonist it would be seen that the hon. gentleman had accepted it in one way and not in another. He did not know what great effort it took to move the adjournment of a debate. It was not the first time in that House that he had done so, and he had made the motion chiefly because he wanted to get some figures to show that the move to bring in a redistribution bill was a move in the right direction. But he confessed that Mr. Martin was trying to make political capital for an election which he (Mr. Martin) expected to come in a very short time.

Mr. Martin—I asked it publicly in this House half a dozen times. Mr. Kellie—Well, all right. In regard to this redistribution when the House was brought forward in the House two years ago he had pointed out to the government that a district from which one-third of the ordinary revenue came and which had 20 per cent. of the population, had only one member. "In their generosity," said Mr. Kellie, "the late government gave us half a member in Kootenay—the two we had already."

Mr. Eberts (pointing to Mr. Green): "Excuse me, is that the half member there?" (Loud laughter.) Mr. Green rose and said: "Mr. Speaker, I rise to a question of privilege. (Loud laughter.) I must insist upon the hon. member for Kelowna taking that back. He must certainly put it in another way. I won't submit to being called a half member." (Renewed merriment.) Mr. Kellie—Well, Mr. Speaker, I had not reached that hon. member really yet, but I will take it back. (Laughter.) I am willing to admit that he is a whole member. What he wanted to point out was that the government cut up part of one of the Yale divisions and part of his old district and made it into a constituency, but had refused to give any more seats to that constituency. The hon. gentleman had given this additional member for the Slokan (Mr. Green). He added that he for one had always been in favor of a fair redistribution bill, and was in favor of it now, and he favored the government moving in that direction and bringing in a bill. "We could then have an election and fight the thing out on its merits, and let the best man win."

Mr. Martin's Motion.

On the clerk calling the order for Mr. Joseph Martin's motion respecting the Finance Minister.

Mr. Martin said: "I ask that that may stand." Hon. Mr. Cotton—No, Mr. Speaker, I think this a matter that the hon. gentleman should go on with. In justice to me it should not be allowed to stand. I am helpless in that matter. It makes charges against me, I think it is proper for him to bring it forward without delay.

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FOR MANY WOMEN THE WEDDING RING IS BUT A LINK OF A CHAIN OF SICKNESS AND MISERY DR. PIERCE'S FAVORITE PRESCRIPTION BREAKS THIS CHAIN AND MAKES WEAK WOMEN STRONG, SICK WOMEN WELL.

The Beginning of... Heart Failure Thin, watery blood, weak, exhausted nerves the real cause—Dr. Chase's Nerve Food and Preventative. Persons subject to thin blood and nervous exhaustion may well trouble at the mention of heart failure, as they have in their system the beginnings which lead to weakness of the heart. The vitality of the heart is amazing considering the immense amount of work it does, and so long as it is supplied with plenty of rich red blood it plods on untroubled, rebuilding its waste as the blood passes through. Once the blood gets thin and the nerves starved and exhausted the waste gradually becomes more rapid than the restoring process and finally some nervous shock or over-exercion causes the beating to cease and life departs. Heartaches, pains in the back and limbs, sleeplessness, weakness and irregularities of the feminine organs, palpitation of the heart and nervous disorders are sure indications of thin, weak blood. Dr. Chase's Nerve Food forms new red corpuscles in the blood, puts vital energy into the nerves, and stops the wasting process that would ultimately end in heart failure, nervous prostration or paralysis. It is the world's greatest restorative for men, women and children. In pill form, 50 cents a box, at all dealers, or Edmondson, Bates & Co., Toronto, Book Free.



PROVINCIAL LEGISLATURE.

Continued from page 3

tunity to show their approval of disapproval. Any other course he regarded as dishonorable.

Mr. McPhillips here interrupted. He would like to have the hon. member for Revelstoke explain the reason for the cancellation of the voters' lists of Victoria, while those of Vancouver were untouched.

"I presume the government can explain," replied Mr. Kellie.

"Why don't they then?" retorted Mr. Jos. Martin: "they've been challenged to do so half a dozen times already this session."

"I will tell the hon. gentleman I don't carry the government of British Columbia in my pocket," was Mr. Kellie's reply.

The third member for Vancouver replied: "Why do you do every individual member on that side does, and you all know it?"

Mr. Prentice here interposed a question of the member for Revelstoke. Did he understand that gentleman to say that a member had no right to vote against the government without first returning to his constituents?

Mr. Kellie explained that he did not mean just that. What he meant was that no member should go over to the side he was elected to oppose, "body and breeches" as Mr. Martin had said—without giving the electors an opportunity of saying whether or not they approved of their representative's course.

"And," Mr. Kellie added, "I think there should be a law to that effect." (Loud laughter.)

"How often did you jump the fence," inquired Mr. Brydon?

Mr. Kellie answered that he jumped the fence to go back to his constituents and take their advice. He called a meeting and there were only five men who were in favor of his resigning.

"Were there only five at the meeting?" asked Mr. Eberts.

Mr. Kellie replied that it was a large and representative meeting.

Then Mr. Turner wanted to know what was meant by "body and breeches." Mr. Kellie replied that the body could not go decently without the breeches.

(Laughter.)

Mr. Booth continued the debate. To adopt the legislation evidently favored by the representatives of Kootenay he held would not be fair to the people of the Coast and Fraser, who had won the earnings of generations as well as the province of Kootenay. Petty party politics seemed to be at the root of the present movement. Anything for the preservation of the government. The whole point of the movement was shown in the treatment that had been meted out respectively to the Victoria and Vancouver voters' lists. The voters' lists of Victoria (an opposition city) having been destroyed, while the effort was made to build up Vancouver.

Mr. Macpherson thought that section 4 had been evidenced by the other side. As for the voters' lists he said that those of Victoria had been cancelled because they had been in existence ever since Victoria had an existence practically, and had never been cancelled before, whereas the Vancouver list was virtually new—although he would say that if he had had anything to do with the matter he would have cancelled it.

Mr. Macpherson said that he would not support the bill because it amounts to the same thing. The hon. gentleman's explanation does not put him in any better position. I do not know what kind of measure the government will bring down with regard to redistribution, but as I am a constituent I hold the same views in regard to the redistribution that was passed by the late government that it was not fair, that it was not just and that it was not equitable. I hope that the measure that is brought down to this House will be a measure based on justice, equity and fairness, and that every gentleman on the other side will be compelled to vote for it because it is so, not for one part of the province but for all the electors of British Columbia. I shall vote in support of the amendment moved by the Hon. the Premier.

Mr. Neil hoped the House would be cognizant of the statement made by Mr. McPhillips that he would not vote for a bill which had not yet come down to the House. They could judge of the hon. gentleman's sincerity when they saw that he had not even seen Mr. McPhillips had stated he knew the bill would not be just, fair or equitable. If the hon. gentleman approaches the consideration of any bill introduced by this government with those preconceived ideas, with those pre-judgments, he will not give the bill fair and equitable consideration. Referring to the sectionalism cry raised by some opposition members, he said he as one of the few I.C.s and members would certainly see no injustice was done the Island, but would be very careful before he raised the cry of sectionalism, to see what this proposed measure of redistribution was. He did not think that any objections he might have to make would have far greater weight than any which the hon. gentleman on the other side might raise.

Mr. Eberts asserted that members on the other side of the House had been completely gulled by the voters' lists of Victoria and New Westminster. One of the leading debaters on the other side had come to the rescue of the government and told the House that the reason why the Vancouver list was not cancelled was that the list in Victoria had not been purged since Victoria was a city. He inquired the hon. gentleman on the government side had been called, how did they not remember that the late Hon. Theodore Davis brought down in the winter of 1894 a redistribution bill, and immediately upon the passing of that bill the registers of Victoria

**WATERY BLOOD AND WEAK NERVES ARE AN OPEN DOOR TO DISEASE**

were cleaned? Those who lived in other districts were taken off the Victoria lists and notwithstanding that those lists were cancelled in 1894, made perfectly correct and true by men sworn to do their duty, yet they were now told that the reason why the Victoria lists were cancelled last year was because it had not been done before since Victoria was a city. That is why he said the hon. gentleman had been gulled. That was the true state of affairs, and he did not see how hon. gentlemen opposite could gild it. He read the statute to strengthen his argument. "That," he added, "applies to the dead people because they could not be resident there; they would be residents of some other country." (Laughter.)

Mr. Heussen—What about the dead ones?

Mr. Eberts—I have just told you they were dropped from the list. You don't expect dead men will live here? The dead men were wiped off the list at that time.

Hon. Mr. Henderson—Yes, but they voted. (Laughter.)

Mr. Eberts—I have no doubt they did, but if they voted they voted in getting the hon. gentleman in New Westminster, but they didn't vote here, and there never has been a case of imperfection of that kind.

Mr. Neil—They voted in Alberta.

Mr. Eberts—They did in one case in Alberta and were punished there, and rightly too.

Mr. Neil—There were six cases.

Mr. Eberts—said as to the resolution, he felt able to support only part of it and that was the reference as to the government's narrow majority. He quoted the whole resolution, and when he came to Mr. Martin's words in favor of the "entire redistribution of seats," Mr. Henderson interjected: "How do you like that?"

Mr. Eberts—Yes, I can explain that, but as I think you can. (Laughter.) We will call you presently and you can tell us what you know about it. There was no year in which a good working redistribution bill could not be introduced in the legislature so great was the progress of this province. He had been here 22 years. At that time Kamloops was still a hamlet, Revelstoke was unknown, and almost the whole of East Kootenay. Now the whole of that district was traversed by railways, there was a large population, and when they commenced to talk about a measure of redistribution that would be fair to every portion of the province they were doing something no set of ministers could do.

Mr. Eberts went on to say that the hon. gentleman opposite had not proposed one single different constituency to those which the late government brought forward in its last redistribution bill. The late government did the right thing.

Hon. Mr. Semlin—They were forced to do so.

Mr. Eberts—Forced nothing. If they were forced we could have brought in a gerrymander bill. Force! If language and gas could have done anything then hon. gentlemen opposite would have performed it.

He could not vote for the resolution neither could he vote for the amendment. He did not think a government situated at this one was coming in a just and fair bill. It was not proper that the representation of the country should be placed in the hands of a number of gentlemen who had not a majority of those who represented the electors of the people. If the government had that he might support a resolution of that kind, but he did not think a government which had not a majority could possibly bring down any other kind of measure than a gerrymander on its own behalf. If a fair and equitable bill was brought down he would support it, but this government was not the choice of a majority of the electors at the present time and therefore was not entitled to bring a measure of this kind.

Mr. Green also held that Mr. McPhillips and other members of the opposition should not condemn the bill until they had at least seen it. He emphasized the great and constantly growing importance of Kootenay, and held that it was a mis-

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Parial Paralysis.	All Female Weakness.
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resolution went further than that there was any justification for, and that the introduction (knowing his, Mr. Henderson's views) should be satisfied with his assurance that a measure of redistribution would be brought in at a very early date—and such a measure as he felt sure would meet with the cordial approval of the House and the people.

Mr. Jos. Martin speaking to the amendment, said that the House had at any rate had the declaration of the Attorney-General that there was a difference of opinion in the government as to this very important measure. The Attorney-General had said that all along he had been in favor of a general redistribution, while the House could see for itself that no such measure had been presented. (Mr. Martin denied that this was right or proper for a member of the government to state that he had held a view contrary to that decided upon in executive session as the view of the government. Before the policy of the government had been formally decided it is quite competent to any member to voice his individual views, but afterwards he may not.)

Hon. Mr. Henderson interjected an explanation. He had said that he asked for a redistribution bill last year, as the third member for Vancouver well knew. He had said that he had been in favor of such a measure ever since. And that was as far as he had gone.

Mr. Martin held that this quite confirmed the view he had taken. He called out: "While he had not by any means been bound to do as Mr. Kellie had suggested—go to the government privately and ask them to bring in a redistribution bill; while he could not be expected to do this at all—he had, as a matter of fact, done this very thing. He had gone to the government, or rather sent Mr. Geo. Kennedy, before the session, asking that he put in the speech from the throne, and promising, if this were done, he would give the redistribution measure loyal support. Six weeks ago he had again urged the presentation of a redistribution measure. But he could get no assurance from the government; not until he had taken advantage of his unquestionable right and brought the question up publicly—first at a meeting in Nanaimo, when he had received an assurance from the member for South Nanaimo, who could not be said to speak for the government. Mr. J. M. Martin had said that not only a majority but a very large majority of the government side would not support the measure for a partial redistribution indicated in the speech from the throne, which he (J. M. Martin) would have been satisfied with—and from this it was quite apparent that the government policy had been amended perforce even since the session opened.

Mr. Martin was very glad to hear the hon. members for North Yale and Revelstoke say that there should be a redistribution bill brought down and then an appeal to the country as soon as possible. He said the government has no right to linger on in its present miserable, precarious position. It was against the best interests of the country. The government was not in a position to-day to bring in a redistribution bill unless he was prepared to support it. The government acknowledged that.

Government Members (loudly)—No.

Mr. J. Martin—Well, then, will the hon. gentleman still bring in this redistribution bill? I withdraw my support?

Hon. Mr. Henderson—Yes.

Mr. J. Martin—All right. I withdraw it. He wanted it to be understood that he was under no obligation to vote for the bill. If it was a reasonably fair bill he would support it. The only reason he offered his support was that he feared that if the government thought he would oppose the bill it would not have offered to introduce it. He was told that by an hon. gentleman opposite. The Attorney-General had assured him that the government would bring in a

bill whether he (Mr. Martin) supported it or not, therefore he was free to do what he liked.

Mr. Martin passed on to deal with the matter of the voters' lists of the four coast cities. Referring to the manner in which the government had undertaken to clean up the lists of those cities, he said it was one of the most disgraceful episodes that he had ever known of since he came to this province. He said the chief object of the bill was to correct the known errors of the list. He criticized the government for giving such short notice, even in the case of the Victoria and New Westminster lists. He did not know how many voters they had in Victoria, in Vancouver they had 6,000 old names on the list. He once more protested against what he called the outrage, and said that for a redistribution bill—the number of people on the list forms the most important data in determining what representation should be given. The present list did not properly give the voters in Vancouver at the present day. As he had other points to deal with and as it was nearing 6 o'clock he suggested the Speaker see that hour, which the latter did.

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Grape-Nuts can be made into a great many different and palatable dishes. The Postum Cereal Co., Ltd., Battle Creek, Mich., the pure food manufacturers, offer to pay a reasonable sum for new and desirable recipes which meet with their approval. Ladies are requested to experiment and send in their recipes. As an illustration: A most delicious mock pumpkin pie can be made from Grape-Nuts after the following recipe: Put in boiling water over 1/2 cup Grape-Nuts, let stand 10 minutes; add 2 eggs, 4 tablespoonful of sugar, 2 cups sweet milk, 1/2 teaspoon of ginger, 1 teaspoon mixed spices. Stir over slow fire until thoroughly boiled. Bake pie dough in deep pan. When done, put in prepared grape-Nuts, return to oven and brown.

**A NEW ALLOY.**

Magnalium is the name of a new alloy of aluminium and magnesium, discovered by Dr. L. Mach, which is said to possess valuable properties. The addition of magnesium in quantity not exceeding 30, and not less than 10, parts by weight to 100 parts by weight of aluminium, imparts to the latter metal properties which, in the pure condition, it does not possess, without raising its specific gravity (2.54), on the contrary, slightly lowering it, since the specific gravity of magnesium (1.74) is even less than that of aluminium. The addition of magnesium produces an alloy which is harder, and is easier and cleaner to work than pure aluminium. Turning produces a surface as bright as silver, and shining like silver, the metal coming off in long spiral turnings. The alloy files clean and regular, without tearing, or chipping the file, as aluminium does. Deep and sharp screw threads can be cut on it, and very clean holes can be bored out.

The color of the metal resembles silver more than aluminium, and it has a high polish. The hardness and strength of the alloy are considerable; the hardness can be varied by varying the proportions of aluminium. An addition of heavy metals is not only unnecessary, but is positively injurious, since this deteriorates its working properties, and increases its specific gravity. Previous attempts to make useful alloys of aluminium and magnesium are said to have failed, owing to the aluminium not being pure. This point is of great importance, and a minimum made by an electrolytic process must be used.—Electric Review.



FEBRUARY 1900 calendar grid with a small illustration of a person.

The New Vancouver Coal Mining & Land Co. advertisement for steam gas and coal.

The Daily Times. Published every day (except Sunday) by the Times Printing & Publishing Co.

Advertisement listing various businesses and services such as 'EMERY'S CIGAR STAND', 'KNIGHT'S STATIONERY STORE', etc.

REDISTRIBUTION. We think we are not exaggerating when we state it as a fact that the present system of representation of the people in the British Columbia legislature is the most absurd ever conceived by the brain of man in a country where there is supposed to be constitutional government.

THE CANADIAN FORCES. With a military college for the training of officers and the experience which some of our boys will acquire in actual warfare in South Africa, surely a Canadian may be found capable of taking command of Canada's militia force.

would not be countenanced by either side of the House. It is most desirable, whether the government is able to pass a fair measure of distribution or not, that all questions of antagonism between Island and Mainland be avoided.

THE CRAIGFLOWER ROAD. The action of one of the residents of Victoria West in enclosing a section of the Craigflower road has threatened to open a long-standing dispute.

THE COAL MINES REGULATION BILL. In answer to a question in the Colonist the Times informs its contemporary that it supports the Coal Mines Regulation bill on the assurance that in committee it will be so amended as to not deprive white men who are practical miners from working underground.

CONTEMPT OF COURT. Punishment for contempt of court is not so frequent in British Columbia as it is used to be, and if the opinion of the judicial committee is to be held good there will be very little of it in the future.

POSITION IS STRONG. The Tories' biggest gun, Foster, dropped some scathing shells on the Brit Empire last night; but at last accounts the position was still firmly held.

WHAT WE MAY EXPECT. The government has already spent on the Canadian contingent \$625,000. The bill will be a large one when the total is in.

A REASONABLE COMPLAINT. To the Editor of the Daily Times—I delivered the enclosed letter to the Colonist office last Monday afternoon. I believe that you will find it to contain a reasonable complaint couched in courteous terms.

CLIVE PHILLIPS WOLLEY. To the Editor of the Colonist—In your issue of February 11th in your war notes you publish certain lines which you attribute to Robert of Tasmania's Mercury.

CLIVE PHILLIPS WOLLEY. "Look before you leap." Be sure you get Wood's Sarsaparilla when you call for it, and you will find health in its use.

tion of military etiquette, has been debarred by Gen. Hutton from taking part in the military operations in South Africa. Gen. Hutton was one of our over-enthusiasts, he apparently thinking that as a member of parliament he was at liberty to organize a volunteer regiment for service in South Africa.

REPORTERS RECEIVE GREAT CONSIDERATION. Reporters receive great consideration in British Columbia. It is probably the first time in the history of the press that a legislative body has been known to adjourn an important debate to allow them to give their wrists a rest.

THE RETURN OF OVER FOUR HUNDRED INSANE AMERICAN SOLDIERS. The return of over four hundred insane American soldiers from the Philippines speaks eloquently of the conditions under which the campaign is being carried on there.

THE MONTREAL STAR IS DISAPPOINTED. The Montreal Star is disappointed with Sir Wilfrid Laurier's leadership. So is Sir Charles Tupper.

THE COLONIAL TROOPS ALONG GEN. METHUEN'S LINE. The colonial troops along Gen. Methuen's line of communication, in conjunction with the British regulars, are being used by Lord Roberts. They are paying the way for the invasion of the Orange Free State.

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that if he will imitate the Kansas experiment that much good and great financial gain to himself will undoubtedly follow. The church will be too small to hold the congregation, the circulation of the World will be increased a hundred fold, and the Province will be forever cast into outer darkness.

As a general thing and in ordinary times the British people regard Labour's Truth as a sort of joke, but when he attempted to take the platform and give public utterance to some of the sentiments which could only be replied to with a club, he found that it was possible to enroach too much on good nature.

REPORTERS RECEIVE GREAT CONSIDERATION. Reporters receive great consideration in British Columbia. It is probably the first time in the history of the press that a legislative body has been known to adjourn an important debate to allow them to give their wrists a rest.

THE RETURN OF OVER FOUR HUNDRED INSANE AMERICAN SOLDIERS. The return of over four hundred insane American soldiers from the Philippines speaks eloquently of the conditions under which the campaign is being carried on there.

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THE COLONIAL TROOPS ALONG GEN. METHUEN'S LINE. The colonial troops along Gen. Methuen's line of communication, in conjunction with the British regulars, are being used by Lord Roberts. They are paying the way for the invasion of the Orange Free State.

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Spencer's Cold Snap Bargains

- 10 dozen Men's Fleece Lined Shirts and Drawers, sizes 36, 38 and 40, regular 75c. Friday and Saturday, 50c.
10 dozen Men's Heavy Cloth Caps, regular 75c. Friday and Saturday, 25c.
430 Boys' Serge Pants, lined, regular 50c. Friday and Saturday, 25c.
25 dozen Heavy Wool Socks, Friday and Saturday, 12c.
Scotch Fingering Heather Mixed Wool Socks, Friday and Saturday, 25c pr.
8 Boys' Overcoats, regular price, \$3.50, Friday and Saturday, \$2.50.
5 Boys' Colored Overcoats; regular price, \$4.00. Friday and Saturday, \$1.50.
Sample lot of Fancy Overcoats for small boys, Half the usual prices.
LINED GLOVES
Men's Kid Gloves, wool lined, 50c pr.
Men's Sheepskin Gloves and Mitts, lined, 50c pr.
38 prs. Women's Fur Top, Lined Kid Gloves, reg. \$1, Friday and Saturday 50c.
75 prs. Fur Top, Lined Kid Gloves, regular, \$1.25. Friday and Saturday, 75c.
85 prs. Fur Top, Lined Kid Gloves, regular, \$1.50, Friday and Saturday, \$1.00.
A lot of Sample Wool Gloves, worth 50c. Friday and Saturday, 25c pr.
8 dozen Women's Natural Merino Vests, Friday and Saturday, 65c.
5 dozen Women's Natural Drawers, regular, 45c. Friday and Saturday, 25c.
6 dozen Women's Fine All Wool Vests, regular \$1. Friday and Saturday, 75c.
6 dozen Misses' Wool Vests, regular, 40c. Friday and Saturday, 25c.
10 dozen Women's 1-1 Rib Cashmere Hose, regular, 60c per pair, Friday and Saturday, 45c pr.
100 doz. Children's 2-1 Rib Cashmere Hose, heavy make, 5 to 8 1/2 inch. Special 25c per pair, any size.
25 doz. Boys' Heavy Wool Hose. 25c pr.
A few Trimmed Tams left at 50c each.
17 Children's Cashmere and Wool Serge Dresses, worth \$3.00. Friday and Saturday, \$1.00.
55 Women's Knitted Wool Skirts, were \$1.50 and \$1.75. Friday and Saturday 90c.
36 Women's Black Wool Jerseys, regular \$1.35. Friday and Saturday, \$1.00.
36 Jerseys, better qualities. \$1.25 and 1.85.
15 Women's Black Sateen Underskirts, lined. Friday and Saturday, \$1.50.
15 Women's Colored Sateen Skirts, lined, regular \$2.25, Friday and Saturday, \$1.50.
30 Ladies' Costumes, black and navy blue, serge lined coat. Special, \$11.50.
10 Heavy Serge Costume Coats, not lined, regular \$15.00. Friday and Saturday, \$11.50.

WANTED: We are prepared to privately teach by mail practical advertisement writing; good salaries; big demands; positions free. The Page-Davis School, Medical Temple, Chicago, Ill.
WANTED: Old copper, brass, zinc, lead, scrap iron, rags, canvas and sacks; highest prices given. Apply Victoria Junk Agency, 30 Store street, B. Aaronsen, Agent.
FOR SALE: About 1,000 young current hares, black, red and white; small and what offers. Apply F. V. Hobbs, 207 Chatham street.
FOR SALE: From Harrow Plymouth Rocks that have won more honors than all others in the province. Every egg bears my name; \$2.00 per dozen; 7 Graham, 62 Kingston street, Victoria.
FOR SALE: A good pipe boiler, with pump, heater, etc. Apply W. Bolman, Shawanigan Lake Lumber Yard, Discovery street.
FOR SALE: On easy terms, several houses on Stanley avenue, \$2,500 to \$3,500; 3 lots on Stanley avenue, 4500 each, corner lot, \$600; cottages, James Bay, \$1,500; two cottages on Speed avenue, \$1,000 each; 9 houses, Victoria West, for \$4,000; 2 cottages off Oak Bay avenue, \$1,000 each; cottage and lot, off Esquimalt road, \$2,000; a lot and four houses at Esquimalt, \$2,000; cottage, off Oak Bay avenue, \$1,500; house and lot, Victoria West, \$1,000; large house and lot, Richmond road, \$1,500; 4 lots near Cedar Hill church, for \$300; valuable water frontage on the gorge, near Point Stille bridge, 336 acres for \$8,000, or open to an offer. A. W. More & Co., 50 Government street.
TO RENT: Two furnished front rooms, suitable for light housekeeping. 96 Quadra street.
TO LET: Comfortably furnished rooms, modern conveniences, 117 Menzies street.
A FRONT BEDROOM TO LET: furnished, and housekeeping rooms. Apply 130 Vancouver street.
TO LET: On car line, furnished rooms, with or without board; modern conveniences. Mrs. G. G. 117 Menzies street.
WELL FURNISHED ROOMS, single or en suite; modern conveniences; good dining rooms. Sample rooms for commercial use. M. Wait, The Vernon, 68 Douglas street.
TO RENT: Office in the Times building, ground floor. Apply at Times office.
EDUCATIONAL.
SHORTHAND SCHOOL, 15 Broad street. Shorthand, Typewriting, Bookkeeping taught.
SCAVENGERS.
JULIUS WEST, General Scavenger, successor to John Dougherty—Yards and cesspools cleaned; contracts made for removing earth, etc. All orders left with James Peit & Co., 117 Menzies street. John Cochrane, corner Yates and Douglas streets, will be promptly attended to. Residence, 59 Vancouver street. Telephone 136.
COAL AND WOOD.
LUMP COAL, NET COAL, SACK COAL, SLACK COAL. Telephone 694. Mann, Holland & Co., Trouton and Broad street.
MISCELLANEOUS.
A. & W. WILSON, Plumbers and Gas Fitters, Bell Hangers and Tinsmiths. Dealers in the best descriptions of Heating and Cooking Stoves, Ranges, etc.; shipping supplied at lowest rates. Broad street, Victoria, B. C. Telephone call 111.
VICTORIA COLUMBIA LODGE, No. 1, meets first Thursday in every month at Masonic Temple, Douglas street, at 7:30 P. M. B. S. ODDY, Secretary.
VETERINARY.
S. F. TOLMIE, Veterinary Surgeon—Office at Bray's Livery, 108 Johnson street. Telephone 152; residence telephone 417.
NOLTE.
CLASSES ADJUSTED. 37. EYES TESTED FREE. FORT ST.
ANDREW SHERET, Plumber. 102 JAY ST. Cor. Blanch rd. Telephone 250. Gas, Steam and Hot Water Fitters.
BATGER & CO'S (LONDON) E. Refined Beef Suet. Is used for Cakes, Puddings, Pastry, etc., etc. and 75c. per pack. JAMESON, GROCER. 33 FORT ST. PHONE 128.











# The Woes of Tupper

## Attacks an Editor by Name and Wants a Reporter Excluded From the House.

### His Explanation of the Meaning of His Attack on Laurier in Winnipeg.

Ottawa, Feb. 9.—The question that engaged the attention of the House of Commons in a very warm debate yesterday afternoon and evening was as to who is responsible for the raising of the race and religious cry in Canada. The subject was induced by another reference to the report of Sir Charles Tupper's speech on the address, as published in the Winnipeg Free Press.

The 100th Regiment. In reply to a question by Lieut. Col. Prior, the Minister of Militia stated that steps had been taken looking towards the reorganization of the 100th Regiment, and the matter is still in progress of negotiation.

Sir Charles and Mr. Magurn. Before the orders of the day were called the Prime Minister drew the attention of the leader of the opposition to the question of the report which appeared in the latter's remarks in the Winnipeg Free Press. He trusted that Sir Charles Tupper would regret the language which he had used towards a respected member of the House, Mr. Magurn had always been known to be a respectable member of a respectable profession. He had thought at the time that Sir Charles had been somewhat hasty, but he had not seen the paragraph in the paper referred to, and so did not express an opinion on the matter at the time. Sir Wilfrid then read the following letter which he had received from Mr. Magurn:

Ottawa, Feb. 8, 1900.

The Right Hon. Sir Wilfrid Laurier. Dear Sir Wilfrid—I was surprised to hear at my hotel last evening that my name had been mentioned in the proceedings of the House yesterday and an attack made upon me by Sir Charles Tupper under the guise of a question of privilege. I cannot conceive it to be the privilege of a House composed of gentlemen to attack in an absent man and a person occupying simply the position of a private citizen of this country.

I am not a member of the Parliamentary Press Gallery. I did not write, or dictate, or even see the report to which the honorable gentleman takes exception in the range and general way. As a witness I heard some short portions of Sir Charles Tupper's speech in common, I presume, with many other visitors. Not being a member of the Press Gallery and not having seen these reports, I am unable to state to the House, either read or fancied, and his reference to me yesterday was therefore wholly gratuitous.

The leader of the opposition sets up his privilege. I claim the protection of the House against an attempt to injure private reputation, and in the case of a journalist it is the more to be deplored. I have always had a deep sense of responsibility in the discharge of my duties, and I am sure every member of this House on both sides during the last four parliaments. In a well known passage a great poet has characterized the conduct of a man who attempts to attempt to deprive another of his good reputation.

In conclusion it appears to me that as the question of an apology should come not from me, but from the speaker. Yours faithfully, A. J. MAGURN.

The reading of the letter brought Sir Charles Tupper to his feet with indignation expressed in every line of his face. Mr. Magurn, he said, was a gentleman who had falsified what had taken place before a committee of the House and had grossly abused his privilege as a member of the press gallery. It appeared, however, that the present telegram had not been sent by Mr. Magurn; but by the regular correspondent, and he would move shortly to have this representative excluded from the House.

The statement in the Free Press to which Sir Charles took exception was that he had attacked the French in a most bitter way; but said that he did not include all French-Canadians. The statement was, he claimed, as gross a falsehood as a man could print. In the course of his forty-five years of political life he had come down to this day with a conscience clear of having said a word that would cause race or religious rancor.

"We will let the people of this country know," said Sir Charles, "whether a party has descended to so low a position that it can only sustain itself by means of a press which thus violates every principle of honor, and as this question is under discussion, I will take the opportunity of dealing with the question which underlies this statement."

Continuing, the leader of the opposition complained that there existed an organized attempt on the part of gentlemen sitting on the treasury benches to libel, denigrate and traduce him throughout the country, and he would proceed to show some of the evidence by which he sustained that charge. The Minister of Public Works had thrown out that charge, and the Hon. Sydney Fisher, who was engaged in disseminating under his ministerial frank, calumnious pamphlets, lent his countenance to these lying statements.

Sir Charles devoted a few minutes to the Manitoba school question, and its settlement by the Laurier government. A remark of his in this connection which caused a laugh on the other side of the chamber was that he hoped the issue was settled, and didn't want to hear any more about it.

# Disorderly Meeting

## Such Was the Session of the School Board Last Night.

### Instructive Conference Between the Members and Trustee Ross, of Winnipeg.

The school board met in regular session last night and held what the chairman himself described as the most disorderly meeting he had ever attended in four years. The trouble started in the refusal of the chairman to sign the vouchers for the additional payments to four of the city principals, alleging that it would be irregular for him to do so. From this the trouble grew until at one time the resignation of Trustee McCandless alone prevented a serious session of business.

The following members were present: Chairman Hall, Mrs. Gordon Grant, Mrs. Wm. Grant, R. L. Drury, A. G. McCandless, J. G. Brown, A. S. Belyea, Secretary Eaton and Secretary Miss McDonald.

The first communication was the acknowledgment by the city clerk of the board's estimate of expenses and a request for a conference with the council. Received and filed. The next letter was also from the city clerk, covering another from Alex. Watson, which had been received by the mayor, and ordered referred to the board, regarding the unsatisfactory state of Victoria West school. Referred to the school management committee for report.

Percy H. Brown, manager of the B. C. Loan & Investment Co., wrote saying that the owners of the lot at Spring Ridge, adjoining the school property, was willing to accept a lower figure for his lot than that mentioned to the board of 1800. Mr. Brown will be informed that the board is not in a position to purchase any more lots at present.

The report of the finance committee received; the payment of accounts to the amount of \$406.68 was adopted. The buildings and grounds committee recommended the grading of the Kingston street school grounds at a probable cost of \$80.

Mr. Brown, the chairman of the committee, said the sum mentioned would only cover the piece of land, which would now be badly required. The rest of the ground was in grass. Trustee McCandless said an arrangement existed with the owner of the adjoining lot in previous years whereby the board had the use of his lot for a playground for the payment of \$14 or \$15 taxes.

Trustee Brown, in reply to a question of Trustee Drury regarding the large sum required for gravel, said that it would require that amount to make the playground.

The trustees discussed the advisability of improving the adjoining lot for the purposes of a playground. On motion of Trustee McCandless the report was referred back to the committee for further report.

The superintendent's report for the month stated that the attendance for January had been 2,450; average attendance, 2,109.38; 2 cases of truancy; 32 cases of capital punishment; 108 cases of tardiness; 84 teachers absence attendance percentage; 80.2 punctuality; percentage, 90.9.

The chairman drew attention to the fact that although the salaries of some of the teachers had been ordered to be raised no time had been set for the increase to take effect.

Trustee Brown read from the regulations a clause stating that increases in salary should only take effect from January 1st.

The chairman said the discussion in which several of the trustees joined was out of order.

Trustee Drury—I would like to know if the chairman is going to burk the will of this board? The Chairman—I must ask you to withdraw that remark, Trustee Drury. Trustee Drury moved that the matter be opened up, which was ruled out of order, but Mr. Belyea said that the matter might as well be threshed out now and appealed from the chair.

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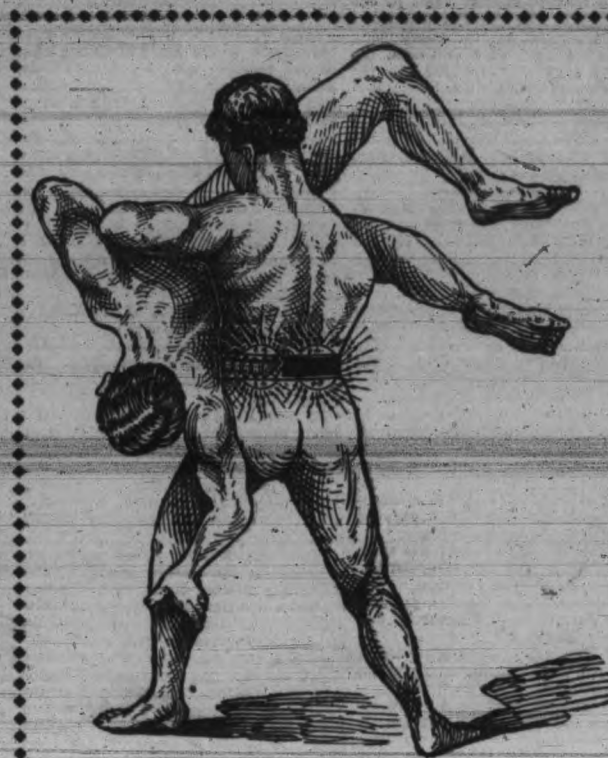
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# Dr. McLaughlin's Victory

## Over Varicocele and Associate Troubles is Known to the World—His Electric Belt Cannot Fail When Used as He Directs.

The destructive influence of Varicocele is responsible for the breaking down of many otherwise healthy men. It is a serious condition and should be checked in its early stages by proper treatment. I have devoted twenty years of my life to the study of this complaint and of its effect upon the general vitality. I have treated successfully over 5,000 cases since I discovered the power that Electricity possessed in removing the knotted and swollen veins, and have now perfected my treatment so that I am able to take the worst cases and assure a permanent cure in from two to five months' use of my

# Dr. McLaughlin Electric Belt.

I have a special method of treatment. It is described fully in my 80-page book, which is sent cosily sealed free to any address. I have hundreds of testimonials from people cured after every other treatment had failed. My Electric Belt does it work while you sleep, at your home and without a particle of inconvenience. It is unlike any other treatment or belt, giving its curative power according to my special method. Investigate it and try it. Call or send to-day for the book.

**DR. M. A. McLAUGHLIN,**  
106 1/2 COLUMBIA STREET, SEATTLE.

# VICTORIA FIRE ALARM SYSTEM.

Headquarters Fire Department, Telephone No. 228.

- List of Fire Alarm Boxes. 3-Bridge W. & Superior St. James B. City and Sincere street James Bay 4-Michigan and Menzies Sts. James Bay 5-Menzies and Niagara Sts. James Bay 6-Montreal and Victoria Sts. James Bay 7-Montreal and Simcoe Sts. James Bay 8-Discovery and Store streets 9-John and Bridge streets 10-Catharine street Victoria West 11-Springfield Ave. and Esplanade road 12-Deception and Burradine road 13-Fire Hall, Victoria No. 1 Fire Hall, Pandora street, between Douglas and Esplanade 14-2 Fire Hall, Public Market 15-3 Fire Hall, James Bay, Kingston street 16-No. 4 Fire Hall, on Yates street, in corner of erection. Volunteer Department, Victoria West, Oaklands, Victoria North.

# Flour Sacks For Sale.

1000 sacks of flour for sale. Contact: [Address]

# THE WEST AGAIN

## A Galt Hotel Man Has a Word to Say About Dodd's Kidney Pills.

H. Hancock, of the Innoquo, Grateful—Cured of Pains in the Back of Long Standing—Says Thanks Ar Due to Dodd's Kidney Pills.

Galt, Feb. 14.—Mr. H. Hancock, of this lively town, is known by the traveling fraternity all over the country as the joint proprietor with Mr. Wm. Sadler, of one of the finest hotels in the West, in the Dominion of Canada, and he is known throughout as one of the most genial and go-ahead hotel men in the country, his house being the equal in comfort and appointments of the average hotel of double the rates. It will interest traveling men to know that Mr. Hancock thoroughly endorses Dodd's Kidney Pills.

Some time ago guests of the Innoquo might have noticed that Mr. Hancock seemed to be troubled with backache. Indeed that gentleman often complained with great vigor about the pain and inconvenience it caused him, and all that is now of the past. Mr. Hancock is happy to announce that Dodd's Kidney Pills have cured him.

It cannot be too often impressed on the minds of those suffering with backache that the kidneys are internal, and ache that it is the kidneys that are affected, and that the only way to cure them is by external treatment cannot do any good. Liniments and oils can only soften the muscles, they do not reach the kidneys. Dodd's Kidney Pills have cured more cases of backache than any other medicine in the world simply because they act on the kidneys.

Mr. Hancock, of the Innoquo Hotel, Galt, writes: "I have been troubled for one year with severe pains across my back. Nothing I tried would relieve the pain until I took two boxes of Dodd's Kidney Pills. The pains have now all left me, and all thanks are to the credit of Dodd's Kidney Pills. I have no objections to allowing this statement to be published for the benefit of the many others who suffer with backache."

# Broke Out in Sores.

Any one troubled with sores or ulcers of the most malignant kind, that nothing else will cure, should try Burdock Blood Bitters. Its blood-purifying, healing qualities are unsurpassed.

# ADMINISTRATOR'S NOTICE.

Estate of James Hogarth, deceased. All persons having claims against this estate are requested to send them in before March 15th, 1900, to the undersigned, the administrator of the will of the deceased, W. M. THOMPSON, P. O. Box 38, Victoria, B.C.

# NOTICE.

Notice is hereby given that I shall apply to the Board of Licensing Commissioners for the City of Victoria at their meeting to be held on the 14th day of March, 1900, for a transfer of the license now held by me to sell spirituous and fermented liquors upon the premises known as the Adolph School, situated on the corner of Yates and Government streets, Victoria, from myself to William Roberts.

# NOTICE.

I beg to announce that I have purchased from Thomas Shaw the Marine Iron Works as a going concern, from January 20th. All debts will be collected and all liabilities assumed by Mr. Shaw previous to that date.

# SEAMEN'S INSTITUTE

106 1/2 COLUMBIA STREET, VICTORIA, B.C. OPEN FROM 8 P.M. TO 10 P.M. The Institute is free for the use of Sailors and shipwrecked generally. It is well supplied with papers and a temperance bar. Letters may be sent here to await shipment. A parcel of literature can be had for outgoing ships on application to manager. All are heartily welcome.

# Free Cure For Men.

A new remedy which quickly cures men's weakness, varicocele, etc., and restores the organs to strength and vigor. Dr. L. W. Knapp, 2044 Hill Building, Detroit, Mich. Gladly sends free the receipt of this wonderful remedy in order that every weak man may cure himself at home.

# TENDERS.

## ELECTRIC SUPPLIES.

Separate tenders, sealed and endorsed, will be received by the undersigned up to 3 o'clock on Monday, February 10th, for the following supplies for the City Electric Lighting Department:

- FIRST. 30,000 Carbons 5-8x12 (coppered) 10,000 Carbons 5-8x12 (plain) 15,000 Carbons 7-16x12 (coppered) 15,000 Carbons 7-16x12 (plain) 15,000 Carbons 7-16x8 (coppered) 15,000 Carbons 7-16x8 (plain)

SECOND. 2 Gross Clear Arc Globes.

THIRD. 1,000 D G P Glass Insulators. 1,000 Oak Side Brackets. Specifications for carbons and globes can be seen at the office of the undersigned. The lowest or any tender not necessarily accepted. W. M. NORTHCOOT, Purchasing Agent for the Corporation, City Hall, Victoria, B. C., January 26th, 1900.

# TENDERS.

## NOTICE TO BUILDERS.

SEPARATE AND WHOLE TENDERS will be received by the undersigned up to 3 o'clock on Saturday, March 3rd, 1900, for the erection of a three story brick building on Curtilly Street for J. H. Leavelle. The lowest or any tender not necessarily accepted. W. T. WHITEWAY, Architect, Garden Building, Cambie Street, Victoria. Builders desiring to tender for the above can see the plans and specifications at the residence of the owner, 180 Alway Street.

# FURNISHINGS STOCK FOR SALE

Re Estate of C. H. Mount, & Co., Vancouver, B.C.

The undersigned is prepared to receive tenders for the purchase of the stock and fixtures belonging to the above estate up to noon on Monday, February 19, 1900. Men's Underclothing, 8000; White and Colored Shirts, 607 83; Collars and Cuffs, 201 29; Suspenders, 1000; Hats and Caps, 505 51; Handkerchiefs, 300 38; Valises, Trunks and Straps, 272 83; Umbrellas, 100; Jackets, etc. Waterproofs, 224 05; Stock, Tanks and Ties, 107 84; Shop Fixtures and Furniture, 44,000 70

The above stock is exceptionally valuable, all goods being within the last year. If other than a cash tender is made, terms must be settled at the time of tendering. The highest or any tender not necessarily accepted. THE BRITISH COLUMBIA TRUST COMPANY, LIMITED, Assignee, 541 Hastings Street, Vancouver, B.C.

# For Sale by Tender.

Re F. F. Raitt, Deceased.

Tenders will be received by the undersigned up to noon of the 20th February for the purchase of all that part side of lot 15 (less 30 feet on that part side thereof) and all of lot 6 of subdivision lot 1 (less of subdivision lot 15, map 14, Victoria City, situated 84 North Park Street, together with the north westerly corner of the lot, and the south westerly corner of section ten (10), township five, range six, T. 14 S., R. 6 W., containing 90 acres, 40 acres of which are cleared and fenced, and a substantial story and a half house, together with outbuildings and orchard of bearing fruit trees, 2 1/2 acres, six miles from Ladner Landing, 1 1/2 miles from Houston Bay. This property is sold subject to a mortgage of \$10,000, bearing interest at 7 per cent. The highest or any tender not necessarily accepted. Dated this 3rd day of February, 1900. MICHAEL BAKER, Executor, 70 Yates Street, Victoria, B.C.

# NOTICE.

In the matter of Francis Ferguson Raitt, deceased, and in the matter of the Trustees and Executors Act. All persons having claims against the estate of the above named deceased are requested to send them in to the undersigned within one month from this date, after which time he will proceed to distribute the said estate having regard only to the claims of which he shall then have notice, and all parties indebted to the estate are also required to pay the amount thereof to the undersigned forthwith. MICHAEL BAKER, Executor, 70 Yates Street, Victoria, B.C. Dated this 3rd February, 1900.

# To the Public of Victoria.

In view of the possible introduction of smallpox from the neighboring state of Washington, the provincial government has in contemplation the putting into force of "The Regulations of the Provincial Board of Health re Smallpox." These "Regulations" give the Local Board of Health power to compel all persons who have not been vaccinated within the last 7 years to be vaccinated.

In the opinion of the Local Board the present circumstances do not indicate the necessity of "compulsory vaccination," but for the purpose of safeguarding the public health the Board would earnestly advise all persons to whom these "Regulations" would apply to be at once vaccinated. Any one unable to pay will be vaccinated free by any physician in Victoria. A supply of pure fresh bovine vaccine is in the hands of all the physicians in the city. I have the honor to be, etc. R. J. FLEMING, M. D., Medical Health Officer.

# NOTICE.

Notice is hereby given that it is my intention to apply at the next sitting of the Board of Licensing Commissioners for the City of Victoria for a transfer to John Colquhoun of the license now held by me to sell spirituous and fermented liquors by retail upon the premises known as the Telegraph Hotel, situated on Store Street, in the City of Victoria. Dated this first day of February, 1900. FRED. STUBBS.

# NOTICE.

Notice is hereby given that application will be made at the next sitting of the Board of Licensing Commissioners for the City of Victoria, B. C., for a transfer of the retail liquor license now held by me of the Hot Hired Saloon, situated at the corner of Fort and Broad streets, to Donald Gray. Dated this 2nd day of February, 1900. (Signed) P. BURNES.



